THE DAILY NEWS.

BY P. M. HALE.

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THE RALEIGH NEWS.

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THE DAILY NEWS.

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By Telegraph.

NOON REPORTS.

The War in India.

LONDON, August 4.—The Viceroy of India telegraphs the following report from General St. John, under date of Candahar, July 29:

General Burrows marched from Keesch Inakud on the morning of the 27th, having heard that Ayoob Khan's advanced guard had occupied the main road three miles from the latter place. The enemy's cavalry appeared advancing from the direction of Hyderabad. The artillery and cavalry engaged them about 9 o'clock in the morning. Shortly afterwards the whole force of the enemy appeared, formed in line of battle with seven regiments of regulars in the centre, three others in reserve, 2,000 cavalry on the right, and 400 cavalry and 2,000 irregular infantry on the left, and other cavalry and irregulars in reserve, and five or six batteries of guns, including one of the breech-loaders, the total force being 12,000. The ground was slightly undulating, and the enemy were posted in the best position. Until 1 o'clock in the afternoon action was confined to artillery fire, which was so well sustained and directed by the enemy that our superior armament failed to compensate for the inferior number of guns. After the rifle fire began, our breech-loaders told, but the vigorous advance of cavalry against our left and of the Ghazers in and along front, caused the native infantry to fall back in great confusion on the 66th Regiment, abandoning two guns. Our formation being lost, the infantry retreated slowly, in spite of the gallant efforts of General Burrows to rally them, and were cut off from the cavalry and artillery. This was at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the camp followers and baggage were streaming towards Candahar. After a severe fight in the enclosed ground, General Burrows succeeded in extricating the infantry, and brought them into line on retreat. No efforts would turn the fugitives from the main road, which is without water at this season of the year, and thus a majority of the casualties occurred from the men falling from thirst or exhaustion. The enemy's pursuit continued to within ten miles from Candahar, but was not vigorous. The cavalry and artillery with a few infantry reached the banks of the river Argaullale, forty miles from the scene of action, at 7 o'clock next morning, many of them not having tasted water since the previous morning. Nearly all our ammunition was lost, as also were 1100 rifles and two nine-pounder guns. Our loss is estimated as follows: Killed and missing, 66th regiment, 400; grenadiers 350; Jacob's Rifles 350; artillery 40; sappers 24; cavalry 60. The Duranis have been expelled from Candahar. Provisions and ammunition are plentiful.

Alabama Elections.

MOBILE, August 4.—A special from *Montgomery to the Register* says: "Madison county gives 800 majority for the Democratic county and State tickets. St. Clair gives 1,600 majority, Etowah 2,000, Autauga 550, Lowndes 1,200. Lee county gives 500 majority for the Democratic State ticket, but is mixed on the county and legislative tickets between Democrats and Independents. Shelby county gives 1,000 majority for the State and county Democratic ticket. Limestone county is largely Democratic in all the tickets; Elmore county gives 350 Democratic majority; Marengo gives the Democratic ticket 2800 majority; Jefferson gives the Democratic State ticket 500 majority, but is doubtful on the Legislative and county tickets. Morrow, Independent, beats Phelan, Democrat, for Judge in this county. Bullock county gives the Democratic ticket 900 majority; Perry county, 1,400; Macon county, 1,800; Blount county, 1,500; Tuscaloosa county, 1,500; Chilton county, 1,800; Conecuh county, Democratic State ticket 1,000 majority and the county ticket 300 majority. Butler county elects Powell, Democrat, by 76 majority, and gives the rest of the Democratic ticket an overwhelming majority.

All the reports show an immense Democratic vote. There was no regularly organized opposition in three-fourths of the counties, and Democrats contesting for county offices with each other brought out all the votes. The Democratic State ticket received the benefit of this great local struggle, and will have a majority of over forty thousand. The Greenback Independent party were thoroughly organized in but one portion of the State, and that was in the counties comprising the district now represented by Representative Lowe, a Greenbacker. Madison, Limestone and Morgan, which gave him majorities two years ago, give handsome Democratic majorities this year, and the Greenback State and county tickets will probably be defeated in every county in the District. The Democrats will elect all the Judges and Chancellors, and nearly all the Legislators and county officers.

Disturbance Bill Defeated.

LONDON, August 4.—The vote by which compensation for the disturbance in Ireland bill was defeated in the House of Lords, was not reached until half-past 1 o'clock this morning. The galleries were densely crowded, as they were also on Monday night, and the announcement of the immense majority against the bill was greeted with loud cheers.

Unlawful Conduct.

GALVESTON, August 4.—The *News's* Hempstead dispatch says a party of 16 broke into the county jail there and released all the prisoners.

Re-Elected.

LOUISVILLE, August 4.—Chief Justice Pryor has been re-elected Judge of the Court of Appeals.

Steamboat Collision.

NEW YORK, August 4.—About 10:30 o'clock this morning the steamer Twilight, while going down the bay on her morning trip to the iron pier at Coney Island, ran into the three-masted schooner Normandy, which was at anchor off Bedloe's Island, and sustained considerable damage to her upper works and probably to her machinery, as she was towed back to her pier. There were about 250 passengers on the Twilight. One man was injured and taken to the hospital. The schooner struck the Twilight on her bow and was damaged so that she had to be towed to the city. The steamer was towed to Jersey City for repairs.

Ovation to Garfield.

BUFFALO, N. Y., August 4.—The Republicans of this city tendered an ovation to General Garfield on his visit to this city last evening. Different clubs and organizations accompanied by a large delegation from the adjoining country towns to the number of 3,000, formed in a procession with torches and Chinese lanterns, escorted him to Congressman Pierce's Hotel, where he made a short speech, thanking them for the reception tendered him.

Mr. Gladstone's Condition.

LONDON, August 4.—Sir William Jenner and Dr. Clark have just seen Mr. Gladstone. Their bulletin says that the patient passed a good night. The lung congestion has ceased and he is now free from fever. Dr. Clark will visit the patient at 1 o'clock, and again this evening. Sir William Jenner will not visit him again.

Nominated.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—W. L. Scott, Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture of Illinois, was nominated yesterday for Congress by the Democrats of the 4th District.

MIDNIGHT REPORTS.

Dr. Tanner.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Dr. Tanner had a large number of visitors to-day. At half-past one this morning he had an attack of nausea and vomited. This left him weak, and he complained of a bitter taste in his mouth. Soon after he drank three ounces of ice-water and then slept three-quarters of an hour. At half-past four he had another fit of vomiting, but seemed to feel better after it. At nine o'clock he got out of bed, dressed without any effort and read a morning paper in which was a letter from Arkansas stating that the writer had wagered $500 that he would succeed, and promising him half the amount if he would hold out. He then drank one and a-half ounces of water and slept for thirty minutes. On awakening he remarked that somebody might have tampered with the water, as he felt badly after drinking it. "There's no telling what they would do," he said; "I understand some heavy bets have been made."

At noon he entered on the thirty-eighth day of his fast. His condition was about the same as yesterday. His features were no more haggard or pinched, and he appeared in good spirits. An examination this afternoon showed his condition as follows: Pulse 78, temperature 99 1-5, respiration 15.

At 4:30 o'clock the Doctor was attacked with a violent retching and vomiting, and became very weak in consequence. He took his usual antidote of hot water, and was resting quietly at 5 o'clock.

The War in India.

LONDON, August 4.—Of fifty-three officers of Gen. Burrows's force twenty-one were killed or are missing, eight were wounded and escaped, and twelve have arrived at Candahar unhurt. This leaves twelve unaccounted for, and it may therefore be presumed that though nominally attached to Gen. Burrows's brigade they did not accompany him. Gen. Roberts's force, consisting of four regiments, will leave Cabul for Candahar on Saturday. After its departure the British forces will evacuate Cabul entirely, its further occupation being regarded as inexpedient. In view of the possibility of new complications three regiments of British and native troops have left Bombay for Southern Afghanistan.

Expulsions.

CINCINNATI, O., August 4.—The board of officers of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce to-day, after hearing the testimony and arguments, expelled J. W. Christy, and suspended H. Newton Christy and H. W. Cobb, of the late firm of Christy, Cobb & Co., grain dealers, operating elevator near the Plum street depot. The Board also prohibited the book-keeper of the firm from coming on the floor of the Chamber.

Swinging Around the Circle.

NEW YORK, August 4.—A train with Gen. Garfield and party on board left Buffalo for New York at 6:30 o'clock this morning. At Batavia, Rochester, Lyons, Rome, Albany, and other large towns along the route crowds of people had assembled to welcome the presidential nominee. Gen. Garfield everywhere responded briefly to the greetings and complimentary addresses which were made to him.

Georgia Democratic Convention.

ATLANTA, GA., August 4.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day and adjourned until 2:30 o'clock p. m.

The Democratic Convention reassembled at 2:30 o'clock p. m., and temporarily organized with Patrick Walsh, of Augusta, as Chairman. L. M. Trammill, of Whitfield, was chosen permanent President. Committees were appointed and the Convention adopted the two-thirds rule, when adjournment was taken until 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Congressional Nominations.

BANGOR, ME., August 4.—The Greenback Congressional Convention of the Fourth District to-day nominated George W. Ladd for Congress by acclamation.

CHICAGO, August 4.—The Democrats of the Thirteenth Illinois District have renominated A. E. Stephenson for Congress.

Too Much Rain.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., August 4.—The farmers in this neighborhood complain of too much rain, and are apprehensive of great damage from the cotton worms.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

1880.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

Augus 3rd.

WATERGATE OATMEAL
(Imported.)
AMERICAN PINHEAD OATMEAL.
IMPERIAL GROUND,
THURBER'S COOKED WHEAT,
CEREAL CREAM AND MILK.

Genuine Longanisas Sausage

OLD STYLE HOME MADE SAUSAGE.

Pure French Crinoline Vinegar.
Breakfast Mess Mackerel.
Finest Cream Cheese,
GILT EDGE GOSHEN BUTTER
(New and Sweet.)

Springfield and Ferris' Hams, Smoked Broiling Beef, India Mess Corned Beef, Smoked Tongues, Fresh line grain and ground Spices.

One hundred barrels new Patapsco and Orange Grove Flour. Fresh arrival fine Coffees, Green and Black Teas and other goods too numerous to mention.

"Horsford's Bread Preparation."

The Best Baking Powder on the Market. Absolutely free from all adulterations. Trade supplied at manufacturer's prices.

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH, Agents.
aug 3-tf

OLD DOMINION LINE,

Favorite Passenger and Freight Route

Between New York AND THE South!

The magnificent Ocean U. S. Mail Steamships of this Company leave New York every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 p. m., for Norfolk, Portsmouth, Petersburg and Richmond, Va., connecting directly with through trains for Raleigh, and all points in North Carolina and beyond. Fares low and include meals and State rooms, first class tickets. Baggage checked through. The small boats of the Company make daily trips from Norfork to Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, Vue de L'Eau, Hampton, &c.

Tickets for sale at all principal points.

General office of the Company, 107 Greenwich street, New York.

aug3-1m. W. H. STANFORD, Sec'y.

RINGWOOD BRANDY!

Having secured from Messrs. C. W. GARRETT & CO. the exclusive Agency for the sale, in this market, of the Brandies made by the

Ringwood Wine Co.,

I commend these fine goods to the attention of the public.

This Brandy compares very favorably in flavor with the best imported French Brandies, and being made of the

PURE JUICE OF THE GRAPE,

it is especially desirable in any case where a PURE Brandy is required for medicinal use.

For sale in cases of one dozen bottles, or by measure in quantities from one quart upward.

E. J. HARDIN, Grocer.
aug3-tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. W. FRAPS,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

—AGENT FOR—

TOM COOPER'S

LAUREL VALLEY

CENTENNIAL OLD RYE

—AND—

Wheat Whisky.

A large lot always on hand, from two to four years old, universally acknowledged to be the

Finest Whisky made in the South.

Persons wishing STRICTLY PURE SPIRITS, for medical or other purposes, can get any size package, from 3 to 50 gallons, by addressing

T. N. COOPER, Eagle Mills P. O., Iredell county, N. C.
je22-tsel.

LAGER BEER

I respectfully call the attention of my friends, patrons and the public generally of the South to

MY NEW, UNADULTERATED AND HEALTHY LAGER,

brewed purely of malt and hops, by the Vienna method and expressly for exportation.

JACOB SEEGER,
2315 German street Baltimore, Md
jan 31 '81

HARDWARE.

JULIUS LEWIS & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

DEALERS IN

Hardware of Every Description,

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, LIME, CEMENT, &c.

Largest Stock in North Carolina.

MANUFACTURED BY JULIUS LEWIS & CO.

Wagon Works: EAST HARGETT STREET.

Store: FISHER BUILDING.

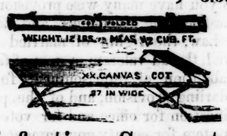
J. C. BREWSTER,

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated XX Canvas Cot!

Better than a hammock. Can be folded or opened instantly. Is just the thing for Hotels, Offices, Cottages, Sportsmen, &c.

PRICES $2.50 3.00 3.50



Satisfaction Guaranteed.

A FULL STOCK OF

REFRIGERATORS, FREEZERS, WATER COOLERS
FLORAL SETS, FLOWER POTS, FRUIT JARS, &c.

Croquet Sets from $1.00 to $2.00.

HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, GLASS, &c., &c.

J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
RALEIGH, N. C.
t oct 1, '80

"PEERLESS"

ICE CREAM FREEZERS

The Best in the World.

FRUIT JARS,

ALL KINDS.

PRESERVING KETTLES, APPLE PARERS,
IMPROVED FLY FANS, FLY TRAPS.

THOS. H. BRIGGS & SONS,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

HARDWARE.

jan 27 '81

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Hygeia Hotel,

OLD POINT COMFORT, VA.,

Situated 100 yards from Fort Monroe. Open all the year. Equal to any hotel in the United States as a SUMMER RESORT.

Send for circular describing hygienic advantages, etc.

HARRISON PHOEBUS, Proprietor.
my27-taug27.

Reduced Passenger Rates

VIA

THE PIEDMONT AIR LINE.

On and after this date Round Trip Tickets will be sold from Raleigh to Richmond and return for $10, good for thirty days. Raleigh to Washington and return $14 50, good until November 1st, 1880. Passengers leaving Raleigh at 3.35 p. m. via Greensboro and the Virginia Midland Railroad, will be in Washington next morning to breakfast, and in New York at 3.45 p. m. Shortest, quickest, best and cheapest route to all points North and East.

W. A. TURK, Pass. Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
J. C. R. LITTLE, Ticket Agt., Raleigh, N. C.
jy23—tf

WOOD AND COAL.—J. D. WHITAKER's order boxes to be found in the following popular business houses:

ANDREWS & FERRALL, Grocers, on Fayetteville street.

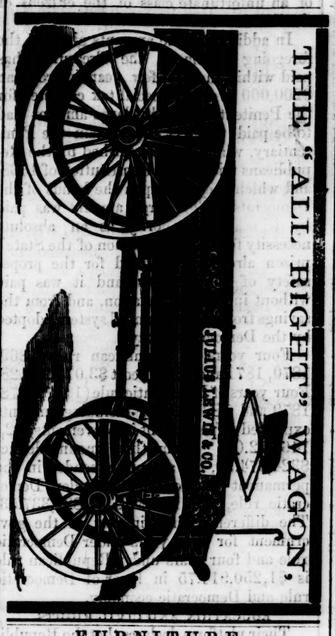
M. GRAUSMAN, Grocer, on Fayetteville street.

PRITCHARD & BROOKS, Hillsboro and Salisbury streets, and also one in COTTON EXCHANGE ROOM.

Wood, oak, sawed to order, - - - $3.50
Wood, pine, sawed to order, - - - 3 00
Reduction on car load lots. June 8—1y.

WAGONS.

THE "ALL RIGHT" WAGON,



FURNITURE.

RUFFIN ROLES,

Contractor and Builder,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

SASH, DOORS and BLINDS

And all kinds of

FURNITURE,

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

SASH, DOORS,
BLINDS,
MOLDINGS,
FLOORING,
WEATHER-BOARDING,
CEILING, &c.

I make to order, on short notice, all kinds and sizes of WINDOW and DOOR FRAMES. All kinds of Turning and Scroll Sawing done to order.

Give me a trial before buying.
july 16-d&wtdec28

GREAT BARGAINS

—IN—

Furniture. Furniture.

John T. Morriss,

Corner Fayetteville and Davie Streets,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE,
MATTRESSES,
SPRING BEDS, Etc.

I have now in store one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Furniture in the city, consisting of

Walnut D. C. Suites,
Cottage Suites,
Parlor Suites,
Bedsteads,
Bureaus,
Washstands,
Tables,
Lounges,
Tin Safes,
Cribs, Cradles,
What-nots,
Wardrobes,
Desks,
Chairs, Rockers,

And many other goods, which will be sold cheap for cash. Now is your time to secure bargains.
oct 27 '80

FURNITURE.

W. H. MORRISS,

FAYETTEVILLE ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

RALEIGH, N. C.

I have in store a nice and select stock of Walnut and Cheap Furniture from the best manufacture's in the East and West, bought in the last four months previous to the late advance in prices, which I will sell for cash at less prices than such goods have ever been sold for in Raleigh before, or any market outside of Raleigh, freight and express added.

Nice first class Walnut Dressing Case Suites at $50, worth $65; Suites at $60 worth $75; Bureau Suites at $40 and $45; three marble fine Walnut French Dressing Suites, French Plate Glass for $110, worth $130. All Suits have ten pieces. Also a nice line of Walnut marble top Tables at $5, $6, $7.50, $8.00, $12.50, $13 00. Walnut Hat Racks $7.50, $8.00 and $10.00. Side Boards at less than they can be bought for at factory. Wardrobes, Extension Tables, Parlour Suites, Rocking Chairs, Lounges, all kinds of Chairs, in fact everything found in a first-class furniture store. All who contemplate buying soon will save money by buying new goods purchased now and paid for. I will keep goods until September 1st, if required to do so. I wish to discontinue the furniture business, is my reason for offering my stock at such prices.

I will sell my stock as a whole to any one wishing to engage in the business. Call and examine for yourself. I want to get out of the business if I can without too great a sacrifice.

W. H. MORRISS,
Ware Rooms, Fayetteville St., opposite Post Office Raleigh, N. C.
may 24 to aug 15 '80

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

W. J. ELLINGTON,
L. H. ROYSTER,

ELLINGTON, ROYSTER & CO.,

(ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.)

House Building of every Description a Specialty.

AMBER (KILN DRIED), LATHS, SHINGLES, SCROLL WORK, TURNING, PLANING.

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

AT PRICES BEYOND COMPETITION.

Estimates and Plans promptly furnished. All work guaranteed.
t sep1 '80

W.M. SIMPSON,

Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

DRUGS

—AND—

Agricultural Chemicals,

Full and well assorted lines of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, Field and Garden Seeds, Braces, Trusses, &c.

THE BEST VARIETIES OF

Field and Garden Seeds

JUST RECEIVED.

Fertilizers for Farmers.

Always on hand a full stock of Chemicals for the

Home Manufacture of Fertilizers,

which are offered at low prices, and rank with the best artificial manures in the market. These Chemicals are pure, and after being tested by the Department of Agriculture are pronounced fully up to the highest standard.

Send for pamphlet containing formula and testimonials. july1 80-12m

STEAM ENGINES.

ENGINES FOR GINNING AND THRESHING.

STATIONARY, PORTABLE,

Cheap, Safe and Durable.

Power and Hand Presses,

Unsurpassed in Speed and Effect.

Hydraulic and Screw TOBACCO PRESSES.

Send for Circulars.

SAW MILLS,

Mill Gearing, Horse Powers and Machinery Generally.

TAPPY & STEEL,
PETERSBURG, VA.
May 11d&wly.

TUTT'S PILLS!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

A Noted Divine says:

Dr. TUTT.—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended; I used them. I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and have gained forty pounds flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

Rev. R. J. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

They increase the Appetite, and cause the body to take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair or Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.
je 13 daw to ap 21 '81

TROTTING AT THE RALEIGH FAIR GROUNDS.

TUESDAY, August 10th, 1880,

commencing at 4 o'clock p. m.

SWEEPSTAKES, $250 each.—J. Plimley's d. g., Buckskin; E. Pomeroy's Electra; G. D. Bennett's g. m., Lady Bennett.

2D RACE—SWEEPSTAKES, $300 each.—J. Plimley's r. g., Bluewing; E. Pomeroy's br. h. Henry Clay; G. D. Bennett's br. h. Almont Mambrino.

Both races mile heats to harness.

RUNNING RACE on the same day. Admission to all parts of the track 50c.; ladies free. Reduced railroad rates will be given to persons coming from Greensboro, Goldsboro, Weldon, and all intermediate stations. aul-2t-su&f.

WANTED A COMPETENT Grocery Salesman,

One acquainted with the Grocery Trade of the State of North Carolina.

Address, enclosing references as to character, acquaintance and business capacity,

MERCHANT X.,
P. O. Box 411.
Baltimore, Md.
jy31-1w.

STEAM ENGINES.

ALLEN & CRAM,

Iron and Brass Founders

AND MACHINISTS,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Manufacturers and Importers of the following goods:

ENGINES,

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY.

Cotton Gins, Power Presses, Saw and Grist Mills, Plows and Plow Castings, Machine Castings and Forgings.

THE NEW VIRGINIA FEED CUTTER.

It is simple and durable, has no gear to get out of order.

Plans and estimates made for the manufacture and arrangement of Machinery.

ALLEN & CRAM,
may 5—1y Raleigh, N. C.

W. E. TANNER & CO.,

METROPOLITAN

IRON WORKS,

6th and 7th, and Canal Streets,

RICHMOND, Va.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Portable & Stationary Engines,

BOILERS.

SAW MILLS,

AND OTHER MACHINERY.

Our Patent Spark Extinguisher

IS THE ONLY PERFECT ONE.

— AGENTS —

Williamson & Upchurch, Raleigh, N. C.; W. B. Griffith & Co., Charlotte; Price & Co., Rockingham, Richmond co., N. C.; K. R. Baugham, Rich Square, N. C., Gen'l Agent in Eastern North Carolina; A. B. Hill, Agent, Scotland Neck; W. P. Baugham, Agent, Washington, N. C.; W. A. Barber, Agent, Edenton, N. C.; Col. Jno. Ashford, Agent, Clinton, N. C.
mh31-1y-d&w.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The Only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists Digestion, Strengthens the System, Regulates the Bowels, Purifies the Blood. A Book sent free. Address *Dr. Sanford*, 162 Broadway, N.Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

je 19-6m

THE DAILY NEWS.

BY P. M. HALE, PRINTER TO THE STATE.

L. L. POLK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 5, 1880.

APPOINTMENTS.

There will be joint discussions by Gov. JARVIS and Judge BUXTON, the Democratic and Republican candidates for Governor at the following places:

Trenton, Jones County, August 5th
Kinston, Lenoir County, August 7th.
Snow Hill, Monday, August 9th.
Wilson, Tuesday, August 10th.

THE STATE CANVASS.

Jarvis and Buxton at Kenansville.

THE OPENING OF THE CAMPAIGN.

[NEWS EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

KENANSVILLE, August 3, 1880.

Gov. Jarvis and Judge Buxton met here to-day and opened the campaign. The Democratic Campaign Club had a neat and comfortable stand for the speakers, erected in the public square in front of the hotel, and near the pole from whose lofty top floated their handsome flags.

At 12 o'clock the crowd, variously estimated at from 1,600 to 2,200, gathered around the stand upon which appeared Gov. Jarvis, Judge Buxton, Col. Kenan and R. M. Norment, and in the windows and on the balconies of adjacent buildings were a number of ladies. Mr. D. B. Nicholson called the vast crowd to order, and introduced Gov. Jarvis in a clear and pointed speech of five minutes.

GOVERNOR JARVIS.

Although the rain began to descend pretty heavily, the crowd insisted that the speech should be heard. The Governor said he was proud to meet such a large concourse of his fellow-citizens of the grand old Democratic county of Duplin. He had often and long desired the opportunity and he could not say that he regretted meeting the true and tried Democrats of this section under the circumstances which surround us.

We were here to discuss great principles and to take a calm survey of all our political surroundings. We have two parties in this country, and two men were here to claim your suffrages, who, by the action of the Conventions of their respective parties had been chosen to represent these parties and their principles before the people. He was the representative of the Democratic party, and would be followed by one who represents the Republican party. He had always heard that simple contact with the enthusiastic Democracy of old Duplin inspired renewed hope and effort, and he hoped that himself and his competitor would both be greatly benefitted by their visit, and that the latter especially would leave the place greatly improved.

Your presence in such large numbers argues that you have lost none of that patriotic and zealous interest in the affairs of your country, for which you have ever been distinguished. "*Your* country," did I say? Why, we have a party in this country whose long lease on power, and whose arrogant assumptions have been so long endured, that the office-holders insolently and audaciously claim that it is *their* country. But he would admonish the people to rebuke such impudence by teaching men in office that they were servants of the people. He urged the great importance of guarding faithfully the ballot-box, for it was here that the freeman, under the Constitution of the United States and of North Carolina, could assert his right to the great principles of self-government. He who wars on this is an enemy to the country and the liberties of the people.

THE BALLOT BOX.

He showed that the Republican party in its boasted guardianship of the ballot box, its great boon to the colored man, the right to vote, was conferred upon him, by taking it from 30,000 whites—the best men of the State. Under their legislation and rule your best citizens were driven from your legislative halls and your places of trust, and the negro without intelligence and without experience, was substituted.

In 1876 we elected a President by one-quarter of a million of votes, and they stole that office for a man who is now paying the thieves, his willing tools.

Now the two parties want your votes. Which will you trust? Under our form of government you are annually assessed for taxes for the support of the government. You should know how that money is expended, and it is the duty of myself and of my competitor to tell you frankly and truthfully.

As practical business farmers I wish to submit to you a plain proposition. If you had employed a tenant who was careless, thriftless, improvident and unfaithful, and had discharged him because of the losses you had sustained, and had employed another who was the reverse in all these particulars, and by whose conduct and management your affairs prospered, and at the end of the year both these should present themselves to be again employed, which would you take? Of course you would take the one who had best served your interests. Now is it fair to apply this same honest common sense test to the two parties claiming your support?

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Let us come to facts that are sustained by figures. He held in his hand a statement taken from the books of the State Treasury by Dr. J. M. Worth and his well-known chief clerk, D. W. Bain, names synonymous with honesty, men whom Judge Buxton was compelled to say were honest and truthful. The statement is the same as that obtained from the Public Records by THE NEWS, and printed in THE DAILY NEWS of July 31st, and in THE WEEKLY NEWS of August 3d, as follows:—

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

of expenditures for each fiscal year, ending with September 30, from 1868 to 1880, both included. The expenditures in the 1868 column are for three months only, from July 1, 1868, when the Radicals took possession under the Canby Constitution, to September 30, 1868; and including the cost of their preceding Canby "State" Convention. The figures in the 1868, 1869 and 1870 columns represent the cost in taxes of 2¼ years of Radicalism; no account is made of the millions raised by issue of bonds. In 1871, 1872, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, though the Executive was Radical, the taxing and spending power was Democratic. Since 1876, the entire control has been with the Democrats.

FOR WHAT PURPOSE EXPENDED.	These expenses for three months! from July 1 to Sept. 30, 1868.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	*1880.
General Assembly	$ 78,861 80	$ 191,103 40	$ 161,431 70	$ 131,047 25	$ 81,546 00	$ 57,960 20	$ 81,456 00	$ 100,234 80	$ 15,596 88	$ 81,823 40	$ 51,896 00	$ 17,695 70
Convention	88,256 89	70,566 18	37,884 62	36,274 78	26,316 95	21,206 25	33,357 11	20,709 50	20,261 50	151 00	11,185 00	2,000 00
Contingencies	17,488 96	7,256 93	7,286 23	13,962 34	21,183 50	13,213 49	15,147 81	16,396 62	21,513 03	22,352 98	22,452 23	5,000 00
Salaries of State Officers and Employees	2,833 42	30,628 36	37,286 62	40,040 20	49,207 13	52,696 95	46,517 05	47,924 10	46,568 88	52,951 05	40,158 56	36,960 00
Judiciary	646 68	54,139 55	58,302 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	7,000 00	
Pay of Code Commissioners	1,800 00	3,600 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	
Public Printing and Binding	1,986 46	104,000 00	31,503 45	22,262 00	14,418 91	10,234 25	13,196 14	14,945.45	18,261 31	8,482 98	12,109 12	9,000 00
Interest on State Debt		186,108 83	63,796 00									
Insane Asylum		37,000 00	30,213 53	31,977 08	48,281 47	48,750 00	50,000 00	46,125 00	48,875 00	45,000 00	45,155 00	35,000 00
Institution Deaf and Dumb and the Blind		1,984 11	74,742 70	77,560 00						42,000 00	42,000 00	32,500 00
Militia		21,300 95	25,158 26	30,488 35	113,945 47	104,307 03	95,711 27	114,191 91	117,013 60	138,610 31	129,258 69	119,551 63	190,000 00
Penitentiary and Expenses of Transporting Convicts		11,311 55	2,354 32	2,233 40	3,000 30	3,711 10	3,740 70	3,720 10	3,693 16	3,744 69	1,298 49	1,398 62	1,200 83
State Loans paid		251,000 00	298,470 00		136,000 00								30,000 00
Interest on Special Tax Bonds													30,000 00
Lunatics in the Counties				1,817 11	9,446 86	13,003 00	30,715 99						22,500 00
Western Insane Asylum													30,747 06
Colored Insane Asylum													54,541 67
Wilmington Insane Asylum													11,000 00
Interest on Bonds Western N. C. Railroad													30,000 00
Other General Expenses not stated above		13,673 39	26,684 18	38,096 31	25,118 67	27,015 97	75,436 01	26,776 31	22,887 95	16,161 00	16,126 36	3,000 00	30,000 00
Oxford Orphan Asylum													30,000 00
Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad													30,000 00
	$ 203,305 51	$ 770,479 96	$ 1,117,160 44	$ 552,202 18	$ 627,284 02	$ 621,765 14	$ 438,856 03	$ 522,771 48	$ 520,172 22	$ 509,154 73	$ 509,615 49	$ 564,954 93	$ 478,486 86

Referring to this table you will see that the expenses stated for the year 1868 (203,305.51) were for only three months—July, August and September—except as to the Convention, which was previously held in the same year, and is legitimately chargeable to the Republican administration.

The expenses of the several Legislatures from the year 1868 to 1880, both inclusive, are given in detail as follows:—

YEARS.	Number of Sessions.	Total Length of Sessions.	Rate of Mileage.	Per Diem.	Total cost—Mileage and Per Diem.
1868–'69	3	301	20 cents.	$7	$430,958 60
1870–'71	2	190	20 cents.	5	212,893 25
1872–'73	2	152	20 cents.	5	169,396 80
1874	1	100	20 cents.	5	109 234 80
1876	1	97	10 cents.	4	81,823 40
1879–'80	2	75	10 cents.	4	71,293 80

The Legislature of 1879 (first session) sat a little over sixty days, but received pay for only sixty days.

The Republican Legislature of 1868–'69 cost in mileage and per diem, $48,668.55 more than the two Democratic Legislatures of 1870–'71 and 1872–'73 together.

The aggregate cost of the Republican Convention of 1868 and Legislature of 1868–'69–'70, in mileage and *per diem*, was $517,621.75. The five Democratic Legislatures from 1870 to 1880, inclusive, embracing ten years, together with the Convention of 1875, cost in mileage and *per diem*, $671,129.63, which is only $153,507.88 more than the one Republican Convention and Legislature. The Republican Legislature cost in mileage and *per diem*, as stated, $430,958.60. The average cost of the five Democratic Legislatures, in mileage and *per diem*, was $128,928.41, or $302,030.19 less than the one Republican Legislature.

The expense of the fiscal year 1871, which was the first year after the Democrats got control of the Legislature, were $564,929.26 less than the year immediately preceding.

Since the year 1870 there has been a steady decrease of the ordinary expenses of the State. The Legislatures of 1870 and 1872 reduced the salaries of the State officers and employees, and expenses of the officers, nearly $20,000; more than one half.

Permanent improvements have been and are still being made by authority of the Democratic legislatures. The increased expenses of some years over others are owing to these improvements, which were made, however, without additional taxation. In explanation of these improvements the statement of Treasurer Worth, in his report to the Legislature of 1879, is here given: "These large special expenditures are in excess of the usual appropriations provided for by special taxation, and the fact that they have been met without an increase of the revenue levies, is evidence of the rigid economy in the administration of the government in its several legislative, executive and judicial departments, as the saving of the large reduction of these expenses has admitted of more extensive aid from the Treasury to the several works now in progress under the authority of the General Assembly."

The following statement shows what has been paid on account of these improvements:

Western Insane Asylum,	$175,000.00
Colored Insane Asylum,	42,500.00
Western N. C. Railroad,	151,874.50
Cape Fear & Yad. Val. R. R.,	30,000.00
Total amount,	$399,374.50

Of the amount reported above on account of the Western Insane Asylum, $75,000 were expended during Gov. Brogden's administration, and $100,000 since. The appropriation was made by a Democratic Legislature for the benefit and proper care of an unfortunate class of the citizens of the State.

In addition to the amounts given in the foregoing statement, the Treasurer has paid within the past few years more than $200,000 over the special tax collected for the Penitentiary. This large amount had to be paid to erect and sustain the Penitentiary, which was established by the Republicans under their Constitution of 1868, and which they left upon the hands of the Democrats. This large amount was paid by legislative authority as an absolute necessity for the construction of the State's prison already begun, and for the proper safety of the convicts, and it was paid without increase of taxation, and from the savings from the economical system adopted by the Democratic party.

Four years of Republican rule (1869, 1870, 1871 and 1872,) cost $3,073,252.28. Four years of Democratic rule (1877, 1878, 1879 and 1880,) cost, including amounts expended in permanent improvements, $2,146,712.03. From this amount deduct $324,374.50, the amount expended in the permanent improvements, under Democratic rule, and it leaves $1,822,337.53. The difference, then, in cost of the government for four years under Democratic rule and four years under Republican rule is $1,250,914.75 in favor of Democratic rule and Democratic economy.

EDUCATION AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

Their platform declares that the Republican party—whether of the State or Nation this precious document does not inform us—"has always been the friend of education." Their friendship had blighted the University, and crippled all our energies; but grant that they mean the party of the whole country, then how does the record show? He read the civil rights bill, arbitrarily establishing mixed schools for the races, and said that Garfield, the candidate of Judge Buxton's party, voted for that bill. Could it be possible that the Judge, who claimed to be a son of the good old North State, who had so often been so highly honored by the white men of the State, could turn his back upon them and aid to elevate to the highest position in this country, a man who by his vote thus attempted to humiliate and degrade them? We made no fulsome proclamation of our great devotion to education, but what have we done? In 1871 we spent in its interest $174,753.20, and our Legislature immediately passed an act requiring all the poll-tax collected in each county to be deposited with the Treasurer of that county to be expended in that county. We revived the University that had been ruined by their polluting touch; we established a normal school for each of the races—the one for the colored being in the Judge's own town—and on each of them spent $7,000 annually. In 1868 they spent out of the school fund $167,158.18, and not one dollar of it went to teach a white or black child to read or write. In 1869 they spent out of that found $203,411.01, and of this $38,981.86 was all that was paid to common school teachers. He closed by comparing the Presidential candidates—the one the representative of the party of hate, of sectionalism and all shades of corruption; the other that of peace, of the Union, and of fraternal brotherhood. He thanked the audience for their close attention and bespoke for Judge B. the same courtesy. I do not claim to have kept close up with the Governor, as many of his strongest points have before been published in THE NEWS.

EX-JUDGE BUXTON.

Judge Buxton began by saying it was a good rule to hear both sides and then decide, a rule he had found to be the best in his long experience as Judge. Governor Jarvis had appealed to ancient sympathies which he knew still existed. He would make no appeal to passion or to color lines or to Civil Rights, but would speak the words of truth and soberness. He would deal with great living questions. Gov. Jarvis had produced an array of figures, and wanted to know what had become of the money collected in '69, '70 and '71. He insists that I answer him. He is the one to tell what became of it. He was there in the Legislature. Do you remember that period? All our institutions were prostrate by the war, and it took money to rebuild them. Your school fund had to be used to do this. But the Democrats got possession of it.

Gov. Jarvis made an appeal against Gen. Garfield, and said he voted for the Civil Rights Bill, but the Governor had forgotten that he supported Horace Greeley, the daddy of the bill.

HANCOCK GOOD AND GREAT.

Gen. Hancock was held up as good and great. He wished his hand might fall from his arm before he would detract from his record or fame, but because he was a good soldier is no reason why he would make a good President. He was always a soldier, had no experience, and could not master good government. He here referred to himself, promising, if elected, to be the servant of the people, and discharge his duties to the best of his ability. He could convict the Governor of voting for measures that lorded it over the people.

BIG SIXES.

He would refer to his associates on the ticket. Here was Dr. R. M. Norment, a man of experience and of principle, and who was defrauded out of his election in 1875 by the Democrats.

General Barringer was a statesman. A. D. Jenkins—a chip of the old block. R. H. Cannon, of high standing and honest. A. M. Moore, of eminent ability and legal attainments.

A. R. Black—here, Governor J. inquired if Mr. Black had not declined to run, and the Judge said he had, but they yet had hope that he would consent. He again referred to himself and said if you want to know the man look at the boy. He was trained in the Clay, Webster school of Whiggery, to love the Union and detest the heresies of Calhoun.

WHY HE BECAME A REPUBLICAN.

He charged that the fell spirit of disunion was invoked, Washington's counsel disregarded, civil war ensued and one million men and the whole wealth of the nation destroyed. Who was to blame for it? It should be charged to the men who brought on the fight. Every dollar spent and every life lost should be charged to that party. Despotism kept up the war until we were exhausted. He was among his own people, sympathized with their troubles and losses, and would gladly draw the veil of oblivion over the past. When the war ended there were two parties, and he had to range himself with one of them. His early training made him a Republican. That party had saved the country and restored the Constitution—a glorious record. It had nothing vindictive or malicious. It demanded no fines nor forfeitures, nor confiscation, and the old Democratic feeling prevailed and prevented harmony. The Republican party had abolished slavery and added four millions of untutored but loyal citizens to the population. It had made the longest railroad in the world; had established a sound currency in place of the old State Bank system, resumed specie payment, and favors an honest currency. It is reducing the national debt, and we can borrow money at four per cent.; capital in manufacturing and other industries is productive, and under the blessing of Providence the country is prosperous, and to no one man is the country more indebted than to Mr. Garfield. Called from the field in 1862, he went to Congress and is now the leading man in that body, and is still pledged to the same measures he has been prosecuting.

C. A. Arthur was a man of great ability, a statesman, and a good lawyer. His very first case as a lawyer he won and freed his client.

LAMBS AND DOVES.

Ours is not a party of hate. A. H. Stephens, Vice-President of the Confederacy, and J. E. Johnston, one of the leading Generals in the Southern armies, are both in Congress. Facts are things, gentlemen, and they cannot be got over.

Inflammatory appeals are made to-day for Southern rights. Who ever heard of Northern or Eastern, or Western rights? We should cultivate sentiments of patriotism and a broad nationality. The government must have laws and they must be oboyed. The revenue laws are troublesome only in our mountains, but the government is not to blame. He now came to State topics. What has the party done for the State? In the Constitution of 1868 you have many wise provisions. The Homestead, the Mechanics' and Laborers' Lien Law, the rights of married women secured, the ad valorem system of taxation, the abolition of imprisonment for debt, his darling provision, and of the property qualification for office and for voters, and the system for county government, which he wanted restored. That was a gross breach, and that system must again be put into operation. The farmers' Legislature did well on one thing—the State debt. He would stand by that, but some of the money inquired for by the Governor went to pay the interest on the special tax bonds. Why did the Governor vote three times to impose $10,300,000 of these bonds on the people? It is said that some of the members were bribed. He would charge nothing wrong to the Governor, but his party must stand by the charge. Then the Common School question. In the last Legislature a bill was passed revising the whole system, every Democrat and every Republican voting for it. But it failed, and why? Because the Democratic Speakers failed to sign the bill and never gave any good reason for that failure.

COUNTY GOVERNMENTS.

He discussed at length the change made in county governments, in which he referred to Robeson county. Wanted roads worked by taxation. The Landlord and Tenant Act was a mill to grind laborers and croppers. No internal improvements should be undertaken by the State, but thought the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad should be aided.

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

The Governor had said nothing in regard to the subject that lay nearest his heart only a few months ago—the sale of the Western North Carolina Railroad. Why did he omit it? The sale was effected, or said to be, and nothing had transpired to prove it. There was so much secresy, so much mystery hanging over the whole transaction that something must be wrong. The bill contains no guarantees for the State or for the completion of the Road.

The Governor tells how much his party has saved. When Brogden went out of office he left $170,000 in the treasury. What has become of that? We now cannot have investigating committees. Joe Turner was expelled from the Legislature because he called for an investigating committee. The Executive should not employ lawyers to be paid by the people (addressing himself to Colonel Kenan, who asked him if Holden, Caldwell, and Brogden had not done this?) He was opposed to appointing railroad commissioners to draw heavy pay for mere nominal service: was opposed to members of the Legislature drawing more than lawful mileage, and Lieutenant-Governor Robinson had done this when he drew mileage three times. His time having expired

GOV. JARVIS AGAIN TOOK THE STAND.

The Governor said before replying to the Judge he had been requested by a prominent citizen to ask him if ever an application for a writ of *habeas corpus* was made before him as Judge and denied?

The Judge explained that the case of Josiah Turner against W. W. Holden was before him but he was governed by the decision of the Supreme Court.

Governor Jarvis—"But the Supreme Court made no decision."

Judge Buxton—"They gave an informal opinion."

Governor Jarvis—"Judge Pearson gave the opinion that they were not in session; his associates sat there simply as individuals."

SECRESY.

The Judge emphasizes the fact that I failed to allude to the sale of the Western North Carolina Railroad, and talks flippantly and fluently about secresy and mystery in that connection. Secresy, indeed! An unfortunate word for him as I will show before I get through. I remarked to a friend this morning that I intended to omit mention of that matter in my first address, and that Judge Buxton would at once conclude that, here in Duplin, where it was known some dissatisfaction had existed, I had dodged that question and he would with unsuspecting innocence walk into the trap. And now to carry out my original purpose I will state frankly the whole transaction. (Here the Governor made substantially the same statement that he made at Rutherfordton and was reported in THE NEWS, adding that all the requirements of the contract thus far had been complied with, and that the iron for completing the track to Asheville was purchased, and was now on the way. I am satisfied that many erroneous ideas that had obtained to some extent were dispelled by the fair and full statement of the Governor.)

These are the facts now matters of record, and with which Judge B. is familiar, notwithstanding he has the effrontery to charge here by inuendo that myself and the other State officers were guilty of some secret and sinister purpose. Turning to R. M. Norment: "Did you not vote for that sale?" Mr. Norment replied, "I did."

Secresy, indeed! Never, in the history of the State has any act been so thoroughly public, and so thoroughly scrutinized by our people. And it was right that it should be so, for it was your money that was being spent, and you should have had an opportunity to say whether or not you would continue to pay the tax to build the road, or sell it. Ah, my friends, if I had failed to submit this grave question to you, do you not know that the Judge would have made quite a different speech on the matter?

STOLEN SCHOOL MONEY.

I told you of the vast amounts of money collected from you in 1869–'70 for school purposes, and that the Constitution required that it should be expended only in that interest; that in 1869 not one dollar was appropriated to schools; that the sum of the two years only had taken from it $38,000, and I urged the Judge to make a note of it and tell you what this party that "has always been the friend of education" had done with it. He failed to tell you, and dodged the question by saying that I ought to tell you. Well, I will do so, or as to a part of it.

You will remember, my countrymen, when, by the blackest despotism and most brutal tyranny, the liberties of our people were turned over to regiments of negroes and cut-throats; when, without warrant of law, two hundred of the good citizens of our State were dragged like demons from their homes and families and plunged into felons' cells to be tried, condemned and shot by these lawless and irresponsible military mobs: Yes, the Judge knows, and he could have told you, that $75,000 of that money was spent in that infamous work. He talks of secresy! Ah, if the veil could be lifted and reveal the infamous acts of his party that have been perpetrated in secret, I fancy it would color even his cheek with shame. Secresy!

THE CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK.

Why did he not tell you of a little secret transaction connected with that Kirk war? His candidate for State Treasurer is A. D. Jenkins, the man who was paymaster in the Kirk war. Why did not the Judge tell you how Jenkins, when restrained by an injunction of the court against paying any more money to those minions, how he went to the bank on Sunday night and by a subterfuge, arranged between himself and Holden, he took the money and paid it to them? Took it in the night time, positively against law, against the orders of the court, on Sunday night at that, and yet Judge B. comes here to talk of secresy.

THE SPECIAL TAX BONDS.

My friends, I have been before the people of this State ever since the year 1868, and here sits by me the only Radical who ever dared charge me with any connection with the special tax bonds. He here read from the record his votes, showing his whole fight on this question, and that he had voted once, but it was to gain an advantage over the plunderers of the credit of the State—Judge Buxton's party.

"CATO."

They said that my votes favored $10,300,000 of these bonds. I suppose he obtained his information from articles published over the signature of "Cato," who was ashamed to disgrace the real name given him by his mother with such infamous statements. Judge B. says he was opposed to these tax bonds. Is that so? I introduced an ordinance in the Convention of 1875, declaring that these bonds should never be paid. Judge B. as a member of that Convention sat there and voted against my ordinance. And now he is here to say he is opposed to them. No, gentlemen, the only safe plan is not to let these Radicals have another showing at them. A Radical Legislature was bribed to issue them, and another Radical Legislature may be bribed to pay them. He says the change in the county government was made by the Convention of 1875. That is not true, for the people at the ballot box in their sovereign capacity ordered it to be done, and it was done by a subsequent Legislature. He had been the Governor of the whole people for eighteen months, and in the next four years as Governor, (for he would be sure to be elected,) he would know only his State and her people and their best interests. He thanked the people for their courtesy to himself and to Judge Buxton, and retired amid three roaring cheers from the whole crowd.

IMPRESSIVE.

Judge Buxton evidently labored hard from the beginning, and although he had his speech written out, he failed badly in reading it. He appeared to be badly "hacked" and terribly depressed, and would not occupy the fifteen minutes allotted to him by agreement with Governor Jarvis, but gave it over to R. M. Norment. The negroes cheered him occasionally.

NORMENT SLINGING FILTH, AS USUAL.

Mr. R. M. Norment announced himself a candidate for Secretary of State, and soon some one on the outskirts of the crowd, evidently under the influence of liquor, interrupted him with a vulgar remark. Seizing it at once with avidity he made it a pretext for reading, in the hearing of the indignant crowd and of the ladies, a filthy tirade on miscegenation. He ranted for fifteen minutes, when Col. T. S. Kenan rose to speak. Mr. Lamb, representative from Duplin in the Legislature, asked Norment to state why Joe Turner was expelled from the Legislature. Norment said it was because of a want of proper knowledge of parliamentary law on the part of Turner, and of the prejudices of Speaker Moring. "Judge Buxton was mistaken as to Turner being expelled because he called for an investigating committee, and he intended to say so to the Judge." Mr. Lamb asked "Did you not introduce the resolution to investigate the Turner charges?" Norment said, "I did."

Col. Kenan, who had been standing all the while, said, "And this is not the only mistake made by Judge Buxton to-day. I stand here prepared to say that that whole matter in regard to Turner was a Radical trick concocted by them for political effect and this man Norment (turning and pointing to him) introduced his resolution as a part of that trick." This bold and pointed assault created the wildest cheering. The Colonel alluded briefly to some matters conected with the Landlord and Tenant Act, and other subjects, and concluded by this stinging but appropriate remark:

DECENCY VS. BLACKGUARDISM.

"Mr. Norment announced that he intended to publish independent appointments to which he should invite any and all Democrats and divide time with them; to which I wish to say that if his speeches are to be characterized by that want of self-respect, that utter disregard for decency and want of courtesy towards ladies whom he knew to be in his presence to-day. I hope to God no Democrats claiming respectability will honor him with their presence."

Loud and prolonged shouts of approval greeted this manly utterance, and Norment vanished from the stand.

The Democrats demeaned themselves admirably under this trying provocation, and are more than ever determined to keep from power this party, which entrusts its keeping to such men.

Judge Buxton and Norment gained nothing by their visit to Duplin.

Many Democrats say they will carry our ticket through with twelve hundred majority. L. L. P.

MUCH SPACE is given this morning to a report of the first discussion between Governor JARVIS and Judge BUXTON. Those who know THE NEWS and the principles upon which any paper that we have to do with is conducted, need not be told that Judge BUXTON has as fair a showing as is possible. We have our own opinions about men and things, and are not backward in giving them expression, but our opinions are never printed as other men's speeches. THE NEWS prints all the news, all the facts, hurt whom they may, as both right and politic. That done, people may make up their own opinions and take ours for what they think them worth. We think there will be no dissent from our opinion in regard to the candidates. Gov. JARVIS is not what is generally called an orator, but he is by odds the strongest man before the people now living in North Carolina. There is no man better informed on State or general politics, especially practical politics; he is cool, self-possessed, sound in judgment, safe in conclusions; he looks at things in their practical bearing, in their effect upon the community and the State; speaking or writing he knows no use for language except to convey his ideas, and this he does in plain words, words familiar to all men, and which carry his meaning home to the general understanding. His speaking is what we call of the highest order of eloquence, as we think his State papers have shown him possessed of the highest, the most useful, order of ability. Judge BUXTON is but a child in his hands. We have known him well from boyhood, and we know but one word which will convey a correct impression of his mental qualities, and that word and its meaning have to be borrowed from the women. They have a habit of speaking of men as *amiable*, and they mean the word to be understood, and the man to whom it is applied understands it, as conveying a polite expression of disapprobation of him whom they do not find *aimable*. Judge BUXTON's mind is *amiable*, and all that the feminine word implies. If he campaigns with Governor JARVIS, it is to be feared that his temperament at least will cease to be so.

THE WILMINGTON *Review* says that "THE RALEIGH NEWS, in its Friday's issue, makes a very imposing array of figures, showing the large amounts which have been saved to tax-payers by Democratic administrations of county affairs. In the figures for New Hanover, however, we are charged with $10,000 too much in one year, and the error is carried to the totals. THE NEWS should republish a corrected statement. It is worth all the publication that can be given to it." There is no doubt about the fact that the statement made by THE NEWS is worth all the publication that can be given to it, and we hope that our friend will print it in the *Review*. Probably THE NEWS will have occasion to reprint it many times. Meantime, if it will take the trouble to look into the Auditor's Reports for 1876 and 1879, from which, as was stated, THE NEWS compiled the figures, the *Review* will see that there is not an error of $10,000, nor any error at all. The taxes of New Hanover are stated there by Auditor and Sheriff just as THE NEWS printed them. The next Auditor's Report, which will be prepared and printed probably in December next, will contain the figures which the *Review* appears to think were in the last. We are glad to know, and the fact was copied from the *Review* into THE NEWS, and embodied in the same article upon which the *Review* comments as above, that the figures in the next Auditor's report will show that New Hanover's taxes are $10,000 less than they were in the last. The fact will show that the Democracy do not weary in well doing.

The matter is noted because we try to be very particular in the use of figures and the making of mistakes, such as the *Review* erroneously attributes to us, would be just as bad as mistakes made in our favor. Confidence would be destroyed, and the labor and figures wasted.

THE LONDON *World* announced yesterday the approaching marriage of the Baroness BURDETT-COUTTS, aged 66, and never before married, to a young American named ASHMEAD BARTLETT, aged 29 years. To marry this youth the aged Baroness gives up £100,000, half a million of dollars, of her annual income. She is a mighty good woman, but is another illustration of the fact that there's no fool like an old fool.

Moore Politics and the Judgeship.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

CARTHAGE, August 3, 1880.

MR. EDITOR:—The fall term of the 4th Judicial District opened at this place yesterday, Judge Avery presiding. The charge of his Honor was very elaborate, embracing a broad and comprehensive review of the criminal law. He presides with ease and dignity, decides questions promptly and firmly, and altogether is very much liked.

There are quite a number of visiting lawyers here, among them Mr. Manning of Pittsboro, Messrs. Guthrie, Rose and Campbell, of Fayetteville, Robbins of Randolph, B. Fuller of Durham, Hinsdale of Raleigh.

The docket is not a large one, and many cases on the civil docket will in all probability not be tried on account of the recent death of Col. Neill McKay, who was employed on one side or the other of a large majority of the cases.

Who will be the successor of Judge Buxton is a question which is being largely discussed both here, and in fact throughout the entire district. There are several aspirants but it seems to be conceded that Maj. James C. McRae has the inside track for the nomination. He will go into the Convention with Cumberland, Moore, Harnett, and a part of Bladen. If Mr. French is not a candidate, he will also get a good vote from Robeson, and it looks now as if Maj. McRae would be the nominee of the Convention.

This county will cast the largest Democratic vote and the smallest Republican vote it has ever cast. There is a split in the Radical party, and many of its prominent members will vote against Buxton and Canaday. I think you may safely put down glorious old Moore for at least four hundred majority for the entire Democratic ticket. DEM.

Johnston Democracy.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

SMITHFIELD, August 4, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—At a meeting of the Democratic party of Johnston county, held in Smithfield on August 3, 1880, to elect delegates to the Judicial Convention, which meets in Fayetteville, the following proceedings were had:

Ed. S. Abell, Chairman County Executive Committee, called the meeting to order, and W. H. Joyner was elected permanent Chairman, and W. N. Benton Secretary.

On motion of E. S. Abell the chair appointed three delegates from each township to represent the county in the Fayetteville Convention, which resulted as follows, to-wit:

Clayton—J. C. Ellington, J. T. Ellington and Ashley Horne.

Pleasant Grove—J. T. Whittington, R. W. Young and J. P. Ogburn.

Elevation—J. S. Morgan, Joseph Johnson and Eli Turlington.

Meadow—Alexander Williams, J. C. Lee and W. J. Jernigan.

Bentonsville—Dr. M. W. Harper, W. N. Rose and N. W. Smith.

Ingram—R. H. Pool, E. W. Johnson and C. S. Powell.

Smithfield—W. S. Stevens, E. S. Abell and W. H. Ford.

Boon Hill—W. H. Joyner, B. F. Smith and E. J. Holt.

Beulah—James Hinnant, L. B. Richardson and John H. Parker.

O'Neill's—J. R. Brown, A. J. Taylor and Dr. Walter Debnam.

Wilder's—Jesse Hinnant, W. A. Hancutt and J. H. Whitley.

Selma—H. L. Watson, A. M. Noble and W. F. Gerold.

Wilson's Mills—A. L. Parker, A. R. Vinson and G. F. Uzzle.

On motion, any delegate that can't attend may appoint a proxy in his stead from the same township.

On motion, it was ordered that these proceedings be sent to THE RALEIGH NEWS and Goldsboro *Messenger* for publication, with request that the other papers in this Judicial District copy the same.

W. H. JOYNER, Chairman.
W. H. BENTON, Secretary.

Grief, But Not Too Much of it.

[From the Detroit Free Press.]

A few days ago a Detroit widow went to Steuben county, New York, for the body of her husband, which had been buried there about thirteen years. A good-hearted neighbor made all necessary arrangements, and received the body on its arrival here. Upon being conveyed to an undertaker's it was found that petrification had taken place. The widow was notified, and she visited the undertaker's. She seemed much affected, but had partly recovered her composure when the undertaker suggested no doubt a large number of persons would like to come in and view the phenomenon. She immediately indulged in such demonstrations of grief that he felt it his duty to apologize for his suggestion, but before he could say a word she wiped away her tears and replied:

"Yes, I suppose it would be proper to let them come in, and as I am feeling greatly distressed just now, I will leave it wholly to you to set the price of admission."

The latest and worst case of a lover's revenge comes from Australia. A young man whose affianced went back on him and broke off their engagement received a note from her asking him to return the lock of her hair which he had. He looked over his trunk, he collected a heap of traces, culled from various sources during his love-making career, and forwarded them in a bundle to his late lady-love, inclosing a note to the effect that he had really forgotten which was hers, but she might select it from those forwarded and return the rest at her earliest convenience. The story got out, and the neighborhood felt so warm for her that she went on a prolonged visit to her country cousins.

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*Actual and estimated.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 5, 1880.

To Our City Subscribers.

Mr. T. L. BEACHAM has been placed in charge of the subscription list and delivery of the papers in Raleigh, and will attend to canvassing and collecting for the same. Every subscriber will have the paper delivered before 7 o'clock each morning.

The Weather To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 4.—The indications for the South Atlantic States are as follows: Cloudy weather with rain, southerly winds possibly becoming variable, and stationary or higher temperature and barometer.

Index to New Advertisements.

W. H. & R. S. Tucker—The King of Shirts. Harness-maker Wanted—See City Business Items.

CITY AND COUNTY ITEMS:—

The Justices' courts could not stir up a single item yesterday.

The Mayor's court was devoid of a single item yesterday.

The Knights of Honor held a very interesting meeting last night.

Not a marriage license has been issued this week. Too much rain.

A vast amount of building is going on in every quarter of Raleigh.

Watermelons are selling at 2½ cents a piece in the Raleigh market.

Delightful showers cooled the parched earth during the day yesterday.

The Young Men's Democratic Club meets at the Mayor's office to-night.

Revenue receipts for the fourth collection district yesterday footed up $4,251.73.

There will be a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen to-morrow night, at City Hall.

Not a single old bond was returned to the State Treasurer yesterday. They are most all in.

Seaton Gales Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets this evening at their hall over Citizens' National Bank.

Drill meeting to-night of Raleigh Light Infantry. Let there be a full turnout of the entire company.

The newly elected County Commissioners do not go into office till the first Monday in December next.

The Second Presbyterian lawn party has been postponed, on account of inclement weather, till Friday night.

Preparations are going on quite lively toward making the State Fair of 1880 superior to any of the past.

Sherwood Haywood, State Librarian, is quite ill of bilious fever at his father's residence, on Newbern avenue.

The heavy rains yesterday were a Godsend, cleaning out some of the filthy drains, gutters and sewers of this city.

Some very much needed improvements for the comfort of travellers have been made at the North Carolina Railroad depot.

When do the State authorities intend to place the new curbing around Capitol Square? Those rocks are getting to be an eyesore to our people.

Quite a number of our absent ones are coming in on almost every train. The rains so general all over the country seem to be drawing them in.

The prisoners in the jail have an excellent choir; it would be well to send them all to the penitentiary to join in the exercises there on Sundays.

Dr. Worth, State Treasurer, is taking a rest at his home in Randolph county, preparatory to saying a few words to the Democratic voters of the State.

Hook and Ladder Company hold their regular monthly meeting at their hall in the city building to-night. Every member should put in an appearance.

Rescue Fire Company has ordered a very handsome new uniform for its members. When they arrive, the company will visit the Fire Department of Newbern.

Bryan & Mullen are already erecting boards upon which to spread the advertising bills of Cope's New York Circus and Aquarium. Look out for the pictures.

Rev. Dr. L. S. Burkhead, Presiding Elder of the Wilmington District, put in an appearance yesterday, to remain a few days with his family who reside in this city.

One T. A. Bingham, charged with a violation of the law regarding the collection of pensions, was arraigned before U. S. Commissioner T. R. Purnell yesterday. The case will be tried on the 16th inst.

The pile of rock in front of the telegraph office resembles very much the pile which, some months ago, was just around that corner and into which a runaway team ran, breaking one of the horse's legs. Why not pile them up close to the sidewalk?

We found upon our table yesterday evening a basket of those delicious grapes, fresh from the Thomasberg vineyard. Mr. Mahler has given much attention to the cultivation of the grape, and the products of Thomasberg, both the grape and wines, have a wide-spread reputation. We enjoyed the fruit greatly.

Hickman Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T. will give a lawn party on Friday evening next (August 6th) at the residence of Capt. Conklin. Ice cream, cake, &c., will be served by fair hands, and everything will be done to make it the most enjoyable of the season. The grounds will be well illuminated. A good string band will furnish music on the occasion. Admission, 10 cents.

Our attention has been called to the lamps at the corner of McDowell and Martin and Davie and McDowell streets, both of which have been unlighted for several nights, or if lighted go out very early in the night. Please have these lamps lighted, for they are much needed and highly appreciated by pedestrians in that locality.

TOO SLOW.—We are informed that but a few of the counties have sent in their county Democratic Executive Committees to the State Central Committee. This is an important feature of the party organization, and should receive the immediate attention of the Democrats in every county. Congressional District Committees should also be forwarded to Democratic State Headquarters. Do not delay longer. Send them in.

SUPREME COURT.—Court opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. All the Justices were present.

The consideration of appeals from the Eighth Judicial District was resumed and causes were disposed of as follows:—

Sarah Horton vs. W. W. White et als, from Caldwell; argued by G. N. Folk for the plaintiff and W. H. Malone for the defendants.

Bank of Statesville et als vs. Pinkers & Eliason, from Iredell; argued by D. M. Furches (by brief), J. M. Clement (by brief) and J. M. McCorkle for the plaintiffs, and Reade, Busbee & Busbee for the defendants.

O. B. D. Edwards vs. John Tipton, from Iredell; called and left open.

T. J. Osborne vs. R. S. Calvert et als, from Iredell; argued last week.

E. Elliott et als vs. Alberto Higgins, from McDowell; argued by W. H. Malone for the plaintiffs, and G. N. Folk for the defendant.

Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this (Thursday) morning, when the consideration of appeals from the Eighth District will be resumed.

BURGLARIES.—We have heard much and often of so-called attempts at burglary. Now it happens very often that mole hills are converted into mountains, "in your mind," and this is evidently the case regarding the much talked of attempts to enter and rob houses in the night time. We remained up all night on several occasions with Chief of Police C. D. Heartt, and for the express purpose of investigating this matter, and after diligence and a proper investigation learned in almost every case that unusual noises have scared the female portion of several families. Our citizens should at least learn one thing in regard to this particular matter, and that is, when reasonable fear is entertained that attempts have been or are to be made upon their premises, they should go quietly and privately to the Chief of Police and inform him and not run to newspaper reporters, who of course will make an item of it and thus unthoughtedly put evil disposed persons on their guard.

HOME AGAIN.—Willis Trice submitted to a charge of larceny at Wake Superior Court, and judgment was suspended on payment of costs, but before costs were paid Willis sloped. Laura Lewis was convicted before the same court of fornication and adultery, but when called to receive her sentence she too was not to be found. These two precious souls betook themselves to the town of Wilson, and as Mr. and Mrs. Trice, established themselves in snug quarters. Their whereabouts having been learned, Sheriff Nowell paid them a friendly official visit, and, by persuasion, induced them to accept of his hospitality for a short time during this heated season. They now lovingly languish in durance vile, there to await the workings of future events. Surely the way of the transgressor is hard.

THE MARKET HOUSE.—Major C. D. Heartt, Chief of Police, has had the inside of the market considerably changed. After pulling down nearly all of the slatting on the meat stalls the base-boards around the bottoms were taken off, thus making ventilation more thorough. The boarding, paper, old carpet and other things heretofore allowed to close up the ventilation through the outside of huckster stalls has been removed, all to a good purpose, and for which Mr. Heartt will receive many thanks from all who have to attend market. But one more thing is needed. Remove the shutters on the south side of the building, make the hucksters take in their chicken coops and occupy the stalls only, and Raleigh market house will have a much better appearance.

CALITOL NOTES:—

Drummers' licenses were yesterday issued from the Treasury Department to the houses of Davenport & Morris, and Wingo, Elliott & Crump, of Richmond, Va., and W. L. Webb, of Charleston, S. C. Application was also made to the Treasurer for license for J. J. Pussey, of Baltimore, Md., to sell the Stewart Family Sewing Machine in this State.

The Secretary of State received an application from John W. Gordon & Son, of Wilmington, for the necessary blanks for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, of Maine, to enter and do business in this State.

POLLING PLACES.—E. B. Engelhard, the clerk to the Secretary of State, is getting up an abstract of polling places in this State preparatory to sending out the election laws and blanks for election returns. He has received returns from 91 counties, which show 779 polling places. Counties which have as yet not sent in their returns are requested to do so immediately, as the necessary blanks, laws, &c., cannot be sent till all are heard from. Wake county has twenty-four voting places.

THE KING OF SHIRTS.—W. H. & R. S. Tucker have it. It's a new kind of shirt, or at least the old-fashioned shirt with reinforced bosom, patent sleeve adjuster attached, doing away with elastics. A complete shirt. No qualified voter should be without one. Go and see it. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction in make, fit and quality.

City Sewerage.

AUGUST 4, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—A complaint appeared in your columns last Tuesday in regard to the filth deposited in the ditch leading out of the city by the gas house. This nuisance is a disgrace to any city, and should be taken in hand by the County Superintendent of Health and Board of Aldermen, and relief given at once. There are no less than three water closets that stand over this drain within a stone's throw of the postoffice, and they are cleared out by a flow of water from rain, and deposited along the aforesaid ditch to become a foul stench, to the discomfort of the residents of that part of the city, and all who pass that way, and to the great danger of the public health, and especially the health of those who chance to live in the vicinity. We ask, cannot the people who live in this part of the city get relief? The matter was brought to the attention of the Board of Aldermen last summer by petition of tax-payers, and no relief given. Will not the present Board of Aldermen have the matter investigated, and give the relief so much needed?—A LONG SUFFERER.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The Board was in session yesterday at the courthouse. The road from the bridge over Neuse River, known as Pool's bridge, to Raleigh was ordered discontinued, and that the Sheriff summon a jury to lay off a road from said bridge to Raleigh by the nearest practical route, with as little damage to property as possible; the county to pay no damages.

Several exemptions from poll tax were made for physical disability.

The Sheriff was ordered to lock the courthouse at night and see to it that no one sleeps in the building, and to tear down the sleeping apartment under the stairway.

License to retail liquor was granted to Theodore Joseph and M. Bill.

Ninety-six ballot-boxes were ordered, at a cost not to exceed 50 cents each.

Relief from payment of erroneous taxes was granted, a large number of accounts were allowed, and the outside poor helped to some extent.

The Board transacted much school business. J. E. Dugger was elected County Examiner for the ensuing year. In addition to text books already authorized to be used, whenever practicable the Board designated Appleton's series of Readers.

A new school district was established out of portions of Wake Forest, Little River, Mark's Creek and St. Matthew's townships, and Abram Hester, J. T. Weathers and A. J. Montague were appointed a school committee for the same. Several vacancies among school committeemen were filled and the Board adjourned till the first Monday in September.

What North Carolinians are Doing.

GLEANINGS FROM STATE EXCHANGES.

The Ashboro *Courier* prints a report showing Trinity College's debt, July 9, 1880, to be $11,747.77.

The Wilmington *Star* learns that the census gives Onslow a population of 9,817. In 1870 it had 7,569; increase about 30 per cent.

The Wilmington *Star* learns that the condition of the venerable and venerated Bishop Atkinson has not improved, and that the chances of his ultimate recovery are extremely doubtful.

Brunswick county, the *Star* learns, is out of debt. The county expenses for this year are to be $2,500, and the tax levy for State and county purposes is 66⅔c. on property and $2 on polls.

The Winston *Leader* says the census gives Forsyth a population of 18,019. In 1870 it was 13,050; an increase of nearly 40 per cent. Winston had 443 inhabitants in 1870; it now has 3,482.

The *Robesonian* reports the tax levy as 77 cents on property and $2.25 on polls for State and county. The County Commissioners are Archibald Malloy, Uriah Pitman, E. L. McCormac, Arch'd Thompson and B. Godwin.

Robeson, the *Robesonian* says, married in July six white and seven colored couples. It does not say so, but it may be taken for granted that one of the colored bridegrooms was the negro who walked from Rockingham to Lumberton, 50 miles, in 12 hours.

The Winston *Leader* says "the blackberry crop is a big thing in this part of the State. We have a number of wholesale merchants who deal largely in this traffic. The trade has not been as profitable this year, owing to the large increase in other States. Last year blackberries opened at 3½ and went up to 8 cents per lb. This year they started off at 8 and are now down to 5—and may possibly be as low as 3½ before the season is over."

The Charlotte *Observer* says that "nearly all the resorts in Western North Carolina are better patronized than they were last year. Warm Springs has over three hundred; Catawba about a hundred and fifty; Glen Alpine about fifty; Cleveland a hundred and twenty-five; Saluda Hotel about seventy-five; Arden (near Asheville) about fifty, while Asheville, Hendersonville and the vicinity of each are well filled. It is said that there are fewer North Carolinians at Warm Springs this season than usual. The guests come from nearly all the Southern States, mostly from Tennessee and Louisiana."

The Durham *Plant* says that "It makes one's heart feel good to hear of the magnificent crops that are maturing. Men whose heads have grown white between the plow handles tell us that they have never seen them better. For once we hear of no complaints. One old friend assured us the other day that we would soon see men with long faces, who would tell us that all their cotton bolls were falling off. "Don't be alarmed," said he, "when you hear this. If half of mine don't fall off I won't make a pound. It would be an impossibility for the plants to mature more than half of the large number that are now hanging on them."

Robeson's crops are reported good in all quarters. The *Robesonian's* letter from Spring Hill township says that there are on "Coward Swamp near here, about 600 acres of land owned by Mrs. Walters, Messrs. Bright Williams and Everett Page, Maj. Giles Williams and others, all drained, and about half of which is cleared and in cultivation. Some of this land produces from 25 to 35 bushels of corn per acre, and to walk in the fields just at this time you would be struck with the idea that the land of Egypt could not have been more plentiful—there is a chance for some of our up-the-country brethren to be supplied this Fall, if there should be a famine in their section. We noticed corn on the farm of Mr. Ev. Page 15 feet high, and with four or five ears to the stalk. We also saw on the same farm several stalks of cotton of last year's planting, one of which had 215 bolls and forms."

"Would you mind standing here till I go in and get a cigar?" he asked. "Of course not," she replied; "but don't you think, Henry, that smoking is expensive, and that it will be easier practising economy after marriage if it is practised during courtship?" "You're right," he said; "I shan't smoke any more, sweet;" and she looked unutterable love at him as they resumed their stroll. Just then they came to an ice cream saloon, and he said, "There, now, I meant to treat you to ice cream, but, as you say, it is best to practice economy during courtship. Ten cents for a cigar, 30 cents for two ice creams—40 cents saved in a single night. Let's go over to the fountain and take a drink of water." They went; but she was mad enough to bite her own head off.

Cape Fear Politics.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 3.

MR. EDITOR:—The Democrats of the Third Congressional District are to vent here the "pent up Utica" of their enthusiasm at the strong and able nominations for National, State and Congressional honors, on the 24th of this month. An occasion which promises to be something decidedly extraordinary in the way of ratification meetings and which seems to be looked forward to with much interest by every Democrat, and not a small sprinkling of Republicans and Greenbackers who have been made to "see things anew" by the opportune nomination of General Hancock for the Presidency.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS.

The fact that Hons. Thos. A. Hendricks and James A. Bayard, together with other prominent Democrats of the North and South, have been invited to be present, should be a sufficient proof that the Executive Committee, ably sustained by the citizens, intend to make this an occasion to which the party throughout the Union may look forward to with interest.

Then there will be our own Zeb Vance and Matt Ransom, and Col. Kenan, and Captain Jarvis and J. W. Shackelford, not to say a word of our local luminaries, Hon. George Davis, Col. D. K. McRae, and others who will be out in all their scholarly glory to add strength to the occasion and zest to the proceedings. We had hoped that Hon. A. M. Waddell, one of our delegates at large to Cincinnati, would be present to tell us about how Hancock and English were nominated, and how they are to be elected, but I regret to say that he will not be with us. Your correspondent learns from this evening's *Review* that Maj. J. W. Dunham wrote to him to know if he could come, and the letter was replied to by Mr. Hiram Atkins, the editor of the Montpelier (Vt.) *Argus and Patriot*, who is "camping out" with a party of friends, of whom Colonel Waddell is one, on the shore of Lake Champlain, at "Camp Watson." "Mr. Atkins," says the *Review*, "speaks very warmly of our distinguished townsman and of the efforts he is making in Vermont in behalf of Hancock and the Democratic cause."

Apropos to this, your correspondent submits the following portion of a recent letter from Col. Waddell himself, which your readers will find to be quite interesting, as Col. Waddell's

VIEW OF THE SITUATION IN VERMONT:

"I am actively canvassing this State, and from all appearances am doing some good. The Democrats say mine are the most effective speeches ever made here, because I am the first rebel who has ever come among them and made speeches at all, and because the speeches are such as the Republicans themselves can find no fault with, being merely the Southern side of the story told in a candid, honest, and conciliatory spirit. The soldiers of all politics seem particularly pleased, and the crowds listen most attentively to what I say. Night before last at Brattleboro (the very stronghold of Radicalism in the State and a place where I expected the coolest reception and a very slim audience), I received, to my great surprise, almost an ovation from the soldiers and had a packed house.

"Of course we only hope to reduce the immense majority in the State, but if we can only do that much, it will be a great triumph."

It is sincerely to be regretted that he will be absent from us on the 24th, but his absence, though being our loss, will be the gain of the Democracy of Vermont.

Surely it is a great compliment to North Carolina, and especially to the old Third District, which he so faithfully and ably represented in Congress quite a number of years, that he should be chosen as a representative Southerner to canvass in the strongholds of Northern Radicalism. A bright future awaits him. His sterling worth is bound to asert itself. E. A. O.

Pamlico Politics and Crops.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

STONEWALL, August 3, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—The Pamlico Democratic County Convention met yesterday at Bayboro, and was called to order by W. T. Caho, Chairman of the County Executive Committee, after which, Dr. George S. Attmore was made permanent Chairman, James H. Miller and James R. Jewell, Secretaries, and Capt. D. T. Carraway was made an honorary Secretary, representing the *Daily Nut Shell*.

A committee on resolutions was appointed, and while out in conference

HON. JOHN M. MORING,

of Chatham, upon solicitation, addressed the Convention to the universal satisfaction of all Democrats who heard him.

MR. B. F. MAYHEW,

of Durham's Creek, in Beaufort county, was called for and responded in a most happy and gratifying speech to all who heard him. Then the adoption of the resolutions, which were Democratic to the spinal chord. Then D. B. Hooker for Sheriff, Jas. R. Jewell for Register of Deeds, Charles H. Fowle for Treasurer, John J. Brabble for County Surveyor, and Hall A. Armstrong for Coroner, were respectively put in nomination and voted for by acclamation. But two dissenting voices were uttered during the whole voting. So you see with what unanimity the Democrats stand on their county ticket, and they are fully as well united on State and National.

Then came somewhat of a contest as to who should be recommended as the choice of the county for a man to be put on the Senatorial ticket for the 2d district, and there was so much difference of opinion that the Convention adjourned and left the matter open.

Our cotton crop is seriously hurt by the wet spell, but the weather at present is all that we could ask for, and hopes are entertained that the damage may be repaired.

Our Board of Justices also met yesterday, and elected Geo. Dees, John W. Watson and R. B. Hardison the Board of County Commissioners for the ensuing term, and assessed $1.40 on the $100 valuation of property for all purposes—county, State and special—and $2 on the poll. J. S. L.

At Cincinnati last Saturday the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad loaded 100 cars with merchandise for the west. This is the largest merchandise shipment ever made in one day in July since the road was opened. This does not include other classifications of freight going west.

Morehead City Hotel Pleasures.

[Correspondence of THE RALEIGH NEWS.]

MOREHEAD CITY, August 3, 1880.

EDITOR NEWS:—Having been at this Hotel for ten days, enjoying the sea breeze, and indulging in the fine table comforts that are daily spread before its many guests, one cannot but feel satisfied with all other surroundings.

There are a goodly number here, among whom are young ladies of Raleigh, Newbern, and elsewhere, who nightly (and daily too) "trip on light fantastic toe," to the music of the fine Italian Band, procured at much expense by the liberal landlord. Among the dancers 'tis a pleasure to speak of the two little Misses from Wilson,

MISS BARNES AND MISS GRAVES.

who have several times danced the "Highland Fling" to perfection, eliciting applause upon every occasion.

Among the many pleasures here, is that of boating. Daily, parties are out on the "briny deep," trolling for blue fish, and, on some occasions, with much success. Not long since a party from your goodly City of Raleigh took 183 fish in a few hours, since which time others have taken over 100 fish. So you see with the

DANCING, SAILING AND FISHING,

time glides away most delightfully here, and in a few days doubtless there will be a large number added to our pleasant guests. Among those who are here there are some charming families from Virginia, South Carolina and Georgia; these latter are entirely new visitors to this region, and I learn are much pleased with everything.

I have visited Beaufort many summers, but my convictions now are decidedly in favor of Morehead City as a summer resort for many reasons. Morehead has all the sailing, fishing and surf-bathing facilities, also the telegraph office, and the trains stop in front of the hotel. Y. Z.

The Situation in Indiana.

[Washington Star, 3d.]

The *Star* yesterday met Judge Roach, a prominent Democrat of Indiana and former law partner of Senator McDonald. Judge Roach said:—

"We feel confident of carrying the State, but we have got the hardest fight on our hands we've ever had. The Democratic leaders all express themselves as very well satisfied with the situation. Bill English (Democratic candidate for Vice-President) told me that we would certainly carry the State, and I put more faith in his opinion than that of any other man. Senator McDonald, whose judgment is next in value to that of English, says he is satisfied we will elect our State ticket and a majority of the congressmen. I talked with Landers and Voorhees, and both believe we are sure to win, but that we have a desperate fight on hand. Our folks appreciate the fact that the Republicans mean to carry the State in October if money and energy can do it, and therefore the Democrats are working with all their might.

"There is no truth whatever in the assertion that Landers is a weak candidate. We could not have chosen a stronger, and the report that there was a proposition to put Hendricks in his place was manufactured out of whole cloth. Except in two Districts, we have the strongest possible candidates for Congress; men who are stronger than their party. There is nothing to discourage Democrats in the situation in Indiana, but on the contrary everything to encourage them. Every move of the Republican campaign so far has failed, and we have the vantage ground."

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS:—

Full census returns show that the population of Connecticut is 623,166; a gain of 87,894 since 1870.

The first bale of cotton from Georgia was sold in New York on Saturday at 13 cents; the second on Tuesday at 14½.

Fifty-five freight trains, comprising 1,500 cars, passed south on the Hudson River Railroad on Saturday. It was the heaviest shipment of freight in one day that has been made since the road was built.

The census returns just completed show the school population of Petersburg, Va., to be 6,392—white, 2,966; colored, 3,426—or nearly one-fourth of the entire population of the city. The returns show a decrease of 1,025 during the past five years.

The colored people of Chatham county, Georgia, own 2,687 acres of land, worth $79,740. They also own $110,566 worth of town property and $9,842 of personal property, making a total of $200,148.

In the Corporation Court at Danville, Va., yesterday, the trial of James T. De Jarnette, indicted for the murder of his sister, Mollie De Jarnette, was postponed to the September term on motion of his counsel, on account of the absence of witnesses from North Carolina for the defence.

Disturbances still continue in Mexico. A regular battle was fought at Villa Union between 500 pronunciados with four cannon, Gen. Vamirez being at their head, and 250 government troops under Col. Reyes. The killed on both sides numbered 100. The rebels retired, leaving two of their guns.

At Chicago, yesterday morning, two burglars broke into the house of John McMahon, corner of Laurel and F streets. While one was left to keep watch the other entered McMahon's bed-room and when he awoke shot him, the ball entering his heart and killing him instantly. The murderer and his companion escaped.

The young man who began an interview on Tuesday with his family by quarrelling with his uncle, and ended it by stabbing his father and throwing his mother on a red-hot stove, is not a person who appears to great advantage in domestic life; but he was a civilized New Yorker and no moral lessons are to be drawn from the occurrence.

Memphis, Tenn., claims to show as healthy a record as any city in the United States, there having been only sixteen deaths there last week. The *Appeal* says those citizens of Memphis in search of health elsewhere had better return home, and expresses the belief that from this time forward that city will offer many inducements as a summer resort.

At St. Paul, Minn., Monday night, a C. Green, of Stillwater, and Albert C. Sawyer, of St. Paul, had been drinking together, but upon the latter refusing to drink any more Green shot at Sawyer four times with a revolver, one shot taking effect in the stomach. Green kept the crowd off with his revolver, and went to jail and waited on the steps until a policeman arrested him.

An Unappreciative Merchant.

[From the Galveston News.]

The family had only lately moved into the neighborhood. A day or two after their arrival the head of the family went to the grocery in the neighborhood and asked the price of a can of condensed milk. "Fifteen cents," said the proprietor. "Fifteen devils!" said the customer; "why, man alive, I don't want to buy a dozen cans, but only one. What do you ask for half a can, wholesale figures?" "Never sell half a can." "I reckon you never sell anything if you mark your goods up that way. Suppose I take one whole can, will you come down to a dime?" "Fifteen cents is the usual price." "That may be with unreliable transient customers, but I am an old citizen of Galveston, and the store that captures my permanent trade will have to be enlarged in six months. Say a dime, and throw in a pound or so of soda crackers and its a whack." "Do you buy a great deal in the course of a year?" asked the proprietor, with a sneer. "Do I buy a great deal? I should say I did. Why, it won't be more than two months before I'll have to get another box of matches. The box I am using from now is more than half gone, and I only got it last February, late in February, too. Say a dime for the condensed milk, and one of them stale watermelons thrown in as a sorter of an inducement, and you can put these two nickels in your burglar proof safe." "Fifteen cents is the lowest price." "I wish you could see my blacking brush. It can't hold out over Christmas, and then I am bound to negotiate for a new one. Throw one box of blacking in with the condensed milk and it's a transaction." "I won't do it." "All right! You won't do it. I'll just keep my eye on you. I'll bet your stock is insured for twice what it's worth, and you are going to have a fire pretty soon. When a merchant don't care to build up a trade, he is fixing to fail or to swindle somebody, somehow. Good morning, sir."

One day our dog Towser was a lyin' in the sun trine to sleep, but the flies was that bad he couldn't, cos he had to catch 'em, and bimeby a bee lit on his head and was working about like the dog was his'n. Towser he held his head still, and when the bee was close to his nose, Towser winked at him like he sed you see what this buffer is doin', he thinks I'm a lily of the valley which isn't opened yet, but you just wait till I blossom and you will see some fun, and sure enuf Towser opened his mouth very slow so as not to friten the bee, and the bee went into Towser's mouth. Then Towser shet his eyes and his mouth too, and had begun to make a peaceful smile when the bee stung him, and you never see a lily of the valley ack so in your life.

A Woman's Reason.

[Louise Chandler Moulton.]

Why should I stake my happy youth,
My days of spring,
Upon a man's untested truth
And proffered ring?

You praise me for my golden hair,
My eyes of blue,
But change o'ertakes the fairest fair,
Then what of you?

When all you praise has suffered wrong,
And I am old,
Will love that did to youth belong
My age unfold?

Since you but prize my smiling eyes
And blushing cheek,
Then breathe no more your tender sighs;
The things you seek

Are but the shadow of a shade,
Will vanish fast,
Mirage, of mists of morning made,
That cannot last.

'Tis he who seeks a woman's soul
Who wins her heart;
One reaches not love's final goal
With shallow art.

City Business Items.

Wanted—A First-class fast Harness-maker—one that can cut and fit in all the branches. None but first class need apply. References required.
E. F. WYATT & SON,
East Martin Street,
Raleigh, N. C.

Bargains in Thin Summer Clothing and Straw Hats, at
R. B. ANDREWS & Co.,
Clothiers and Hatters.

All Embroideries, Nainsook Edgings, Swiss Edgings, Jaconet Edgings, Hamburg Edgings and Insertions to match, a-cost, for thirty days. A splendid line of heavy C. C. Carpets at a bargain.
YEARGAN, PETTY & Co.
aug1—1w

The Hub Punch.
The second invoice of this delicious beverage and tonic received this day. Retailed at the regular Boston and New York price, $1.25 per bottle. Case of one dozen, $13 00.
E. J. HARDIN.

Jones & Powell, 47 Fayetteville street, have just received a supply of oats, and have more on the road, which they offer low. They also offer a pair of horses, wagon and harness, in exchange for lumber or greenbacks.

It can't be found—A better Cracker than the Lunch Milk Biscuit, 15c. per lb. and always fresh.
E. J. HARDIN.

Grenadines! Grenadines!

Also, Colored and Fancy, and Black Thin Dress Goods! To sell! To sell! Will sell them for less than we gave for them! Nice Goods! Handsome Goods!
YEARGAN, PETTY & Co.

To the Members of the Convention:—While in Raleigh it will be to your interest to stop in the Hardware, Stove and House-furnishing Store of J. C. Brewster, where you will find all the novelties of the season. The celebrated XX Cot, the most comfortable bed for hot weather. Price only $2.50. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. Fly Fans, Fly Traps, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c. Sole agent for the improved Parker Shot Gun and the celebrated Remington Rifle. A fine line sportsman's goods always on hand. Tin roofing and job work all kinds a specialty.
J. C. BREWSTER,
Holleman Building,
Raleigh, N. C.

Family Groceries, a large and varied stock. New goods arriving daily. Strictly first-class. Fine wines, liquors and cigars. Bailey's North Carolina Corn and Rye Whiskies; the celebrated Popcorn Whiskey, eight years old. Peyton Graveley's Chewing Tobacco.
ANDREWS & FERRALL.

Special Notices.

The Georgia Baby Bonds will buy NEURALGINE. Neuralgine will cure Neuralgia and Headache. Neuralgia and Headache lead to disease—disease to death. Moral: Go to your Druggist's and get a bottle of Neuralgine and be relieved. Sold by PESCUD, LEE & Co. and WM. SIMPSON. eod.

Sufferers, Read This!—If you are afflicted with Neuralgia or Headache, you can be speedily relieved by taking the specific, NEURALGINE. Speedy in its action, entirely free from opium and other narcotics, it commends itself in being as innocent as efficient. Sold by PESCUD, LEE & Co. and WM. SIMPSON. eod.

Opinion of Eminent Dr. W. C. Cavenagh, Memphis, Tenn.: For weak digestion, general debility and want of appetite, I cheerfully recommend Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef and Tonic Invigorator. Sold by Williams & Haywood.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE KING OF SHIRTS!

Reinforced down the side of the Bosom, where it is most liable to wear out,

It Wears Nearly Twice as Long as an Ordinary Shirt!

To every Shirt is attached the

Patent Sleeve Adjuster,

THE SIMPLEST AND BEST INVENTION EVER KNOWN FOR REGULATING THE LENGTH OF SHIRT SLEEVE; IT HAS ONLY TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

No Further Use for Elastics, &c.

Every Shirt Complete in Itself!

WE GUARANTEE THEM TO GIVE PERFECT SATISFACTION IN MAKE, FIT AND QUALITY, OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Try Them and be Convinced!

FOR SALE ONLY BY

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Excelsior Bakery
AND
CONFECTIONERY AND TOY EMPORIUM,

JOHN A. BRAGASSA, Proprietor,

16 Fayetteville St., - - RALEIGH, N. C.

Are Selling the Best

BREAD AND CANDIES

In the State.

13 (10 CENT.) TICKETS FOR BREAD FOR $1. Delivered at your door every morning.
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WHO IS YOUR WIFE?

A Complex Conundrum Colloquially Considered.

By WALDORF H. PHILLIPS.

"Do you take this woman to be your wife—*until you are divorced?*
"Do you take this man to be your husband—*until you change your mind?*
"Then, they whom I unite, let some Court put asunder."

The work is full of humor and keen satire. Price, in paper binding, 50c.; in cloth, 75c. Can be had of Booksellers and Newsdealers, or will be sent, postage prepaid, upon receipt of the price, by the Publishers,

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THE RALEIGH NEWS,

In its 17th Volume.

A NORTH CAROLINA

Democratic Newspaper,

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" 3 months	1 75
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L. L. POLK, CORRESPONDING EDITOR.
EDWARDS, BROUGHTON & Co.,
BUSINESS MANAGERS.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 5, 1880.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

By Telegraph.

MARKET REPORT--NOON.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Money irregular at 2a2½. Exchange—long 4.82; short 4.84½; State bonds dull and nominal; Governments quiet and steady.

Cotton quiet and steady; sales 210; uplands 11 9-16; Orleans 11 11-16. Futures steady; August 11.38; September 10.86; October 10.57; November 10.46; December 10.47; January 10.56.

Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet. Corn firm and quiet. Pork steady at $14.50. Lard firm at $7.60. Spirits turpentine 29. Rosin $1.42½. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE, August 4.—Flour dull and lower to sell; Howard street and Western super $2 75 a3.50; extra $3.75a4.75; family $5.25a6.00; city mills super $2.75a3.50; do. extra $3.75a4.50; do. family $6.00a6.25; Rio brands $5.75a5.87; Patapsco family $6.85. Wheat—Southern higher and firm; Western lower and steady; Southern red $1.00a1.08; amber $1.12a1.15; No. 1 Maryland $1.14; No. 2 Western winter red—spot and August delivery $1.07¾a1.07⅞; September $1.08½ a1.08¾; October $1.08¾a1 09. Corn—Southern higher and quiet; Western firmer; Southern white 53; yellow nominal.

LIVERPOOL, August 4—Noon.—Cotton very quiet; uplands 6 13-16; Orleans 6 15-16; sales 17,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 5,850—American 3,950; uplands, low middling clause, August delivery 6 11-16; August and September 6⅞; September and October 6 13-32; October and November 6 7-32; futures quiet.

MARKET REPORT--MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK, August 4.—Money 2a3. Exchange 4.82½a4.82¾. Government bonds quiet and firm, new five per cents. 1.02½; four-and a-half per cents 1.11¼; four per cents 1.09½. State bonds dull and nominal.

Cotton quiet and steady; sales to-day 264 bales; uplands 11 9-16; Orleans 11 11-16; consolidated net receipts 1,191 bales; exports to Great Britain 6,630 bales; France 2,481; net receipts to-day 53 bales; gross receipts 1,890. Futures closed barely steady; sales 47,000 bales; August delivery 11.44a11.45; September 10.92a10.-93; October 10.63a10.64; November 10.52a10.53; December 10.52a10.54; January 10.63a10.65; February 10.75a10.77.

Southern flour dull and heavy; common to fair exports $5.25a6.20; good to choice do. $6.25 a7.00. Wheat about ½ cent lower with moderate export and speculative trading; ungraded 94a$1.06½. Corn ½a¾ cent better and moderately active; ungraded 45a48. Oats ½a2c. better with light offerings at 38 for No. 3. Hops dull and declining. Sugar firm and quiet; Cuba 7⅜; San Domingo 7⅜; fair to good refining 7¾a7⅞; prime 8; refined firm and in good demand; standard "A" 9⅝a10. Molasses quiet, scarce and unchanged. Rice in moderate demand. Rosin quiet at $1.42½a1.47½. Turpentine steady at 29. Wool steady and very light demand; domestic fleece 38a50; others unchanged. Pork heavy and about 20 cents per barrel lower at $14.45a14.50; middles dull, quiet and nominal; long clear 7⅞; short clear 8¼. Lard heavy and lower with fair business at $7.57½a7.60. Whisky nominal. Freights about steady.

BALTIMORE, August 4.—Oats easier; sales of new Western bright 38a39, and old at 40, without other transactions. Provisions higher and firmer. Mess pork $15.00. Bulk meats—loose shoulders 5½; clear rib sides 7¾a7⅞; packed 5¾a8¼. Bacon—shoulders 6¼; clear rib sides 9; hams 12a13. Lard 8¼. Coffee steady; Rio (cargoes), ordinary to choice 13a15½. Sugar strong; "A" soft 10½. Whisky quiet at $1.11a1.11½. Freights steady.

LOUISVILLE, August 4.—Flour dull; extra $3.25a3.75; choice to fancy $6.00a6.25. Wheat quiet at 89. Corn steady and in fair demand at 42½a43½; mixed 39½. Oats in fair demand at 30; mixed 29. Pork firm at $14.50. Lard in fair demand and firm at 7½. Bulk meats stronger; shoulders $5.00; rib $7.70; sides $8.10. Bacon dull and a shade lower; shoulders $5.50; ribs $8.35; clear rib $8.87½; sugar-cured hams 11a11½. Whisky steady at $1.07.

CINCINNATI, August 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand and steady; No. 2 red winter 95a96; No. 2 amber 92. Corn dull and easy; No. 2 mixed (shelled) 39; ear on track 40a42. Oats steady; old 33; new 30. Pork firm at $14.50. Lard steady at $7.20a7.25. Bulk meats strong; shoulders 5; rib 7⅞. Bacon steady; shoulders $5.37½; ribs $8.12½; sides $8.40. Whisky steady at $1 07. Sugar strong and firm; hards 10¼a11; New Orleans 8¾a9¼. Hogs quiet.

ST. LOUIS, August 4.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat opened lower but advanced; No. 2 red fall, 90½a91¼ cash; 90½a90¾ in August; 88⅞a89⅛ in September; 89¼ in October; 88½a88¾ a year hence; No. 3, do. 85⅞a86¼; No. 4 do. 83½a84¼. Corn lower; 34¼ cash and in August, 34⅛a34½ in September, and 34½ in October. Oats lower; 21⅞a22 cash, 21½ bid in August, and 21 bid for September. Whisky steady at $1.08. Pork quiet at $15.25 cash, and $15.00 in October. Lard held at $7.25. Bulk meats steady and unchanged. Bacon firmer; shoulders 5¾; rib 8⅛; sides 8¼.

CHICAGO, August 4.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand and lower; No. 2 Chicago spring 88a89 cash, 88½ in August, and 85⅞a85⅞ in September and October; No. 3 do. 81a83; rejected nominal. Corn in fair demand and lower; 35⅛a35⅜ cash and in August, September and October. Oats steady and firm at 23a23½ cash, 22⅞a22¾ in August, 22¾ in September, and 23⅛a23¼ in October; rejected 20. Pork inactive, weak and lower; $14.50a15.00 cash, $15.40a15.42½ in August, $15.42½a15.55 in September, and $15.10 in October. Lard inactive and lower; $7.20a7 22½ cash and in August, $7.25a7.27½ in September, and $7.27½ in October. Bulk meats—shoulders $4.70; rib $7 40; clear rib $7.65 Whisky quiet.

WILMINGTON, N. C., August 4.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 26½. Rosin dull at $1.05 for strained and $1.10 for good strained. Tar firm at $2.35. Crude turpentine firm at $1.80 for yellow dip, and $2.25 for virgin.

AUGUST 4.—Cotton—Middling, low middling good ordinary.—Galveston, nominal, 10¾, 10, 9, net receipts 15 bales; Norfolk, quiet, 11 11-16, net receipts 449 bales; Baltimore, quiet, 11 9-16; 10⅞, 9¾, net receipts none; Boston, dull, 11¾, 11⅛, 9¾, net receipts 41 bales; Wilmington, nominal, 10¾, 10¼, 9, net receipts 24 bales; Philadelphia, dull, 11⅛, 11¼, 10¼, net receipts none; Savannah, nothing doing, very dull, 11, 10¾, 9¾, net receipts 162 bales; New Orleans, firm, 11⅜, 10¾, 9¾, net receipts 169 bales; Mobile, nominal, 11, 10¾, 9¾, net receipts 28 bales; Memphis, quiet, 11, net receipts 74 bales; Augusta, dull, 10¾, 10½, 9¾, net receipts 19 bales; Charleston, quiet, 11¼, 11, 10¼, net receipts 250 bales.

Wilmington Market.

[From the Star, August 4.]

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—The market continues firm at 26½ cents per gallon for regular packages, with sales reported of 600 casks at that price.

ROSIN.—The market opened firm at $1.05 for strained and $1.10 for good strained, with sales as offered, closing dull. Also sales of 400 bbls. fine rosins at $2.00 for I Extra No. 1, $2.25 for K Low Pale, $2.50 for M Pale and $2.75 for N Extra Pale.

TAR.—Market quoted firm at $2.35 per bbl. of 280 pounds, with sales of receipts at quotations.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—The market was steady at $1.80 for yellow dip and $2.25 per bbl. for virgin, with sales at quotations.

COTTON.—The market was nominally unchanged. The following were the official quotations:—

Ordinary	8	cents per lb.
Good Ordinary	9	" "
Strict Good Ordinary	—	" "
Low Middling	10¼	" "
Middling	10¾	" "
Good Middling	11¼	" "

PEANUTS.—The market is dull and nominal at 35@50 cents for shelling stock, 60 cents for ordinary, 70 cents for prime, 80 cents for extra prime, and 90 cents for fancy.

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	39	bales.
Spirits turpentine	723	casks
Rosin	1,690	bbls.
Tar	233	"
Crude turpentine	782	"

Raleigh Markets.

Official Report of the Cotton Market.

REPORTED BY

THE COTTON EXCHANGE.

RALEIGH, August 4, 1880

Middling	10¾
Strict Low Middling	10⅜
Low Middling	10
Strict Good Ordinary	.....
Good Ordinary	.....
Middling Stains	8½
Low Middling Stains	7
Good Ordinary Stains	6

Tone of market quiet.

City Market—Wholesale Prices.

REPORTED BY

POOL & MORING,

Official Reporters for Grocers' Exchange.

RALEIGH, August 4, 1880.

Apples, dried	$	none
Bacon, N. C., hog round	11	a
" " hams	15	a
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides,	8½	a
" " shoulders,	6½	a
Butter, North Carolina,	20 a	25
Beeswax	18 a	20
Corn	67½	a
Corn Meal	67½	a
Coffee, prime Rio	17½	a
" good "	15	a
Chickens, Spring	17½	a 20
Eggs, per dozen	12½	a
Flour, North Carolina	5 70	a
Hay, timothy	1 30	a
Molassses, Cuba	45	a
Oats, shelled	50	a
Peaches, peeled		a
" unpeeled		a
Peas, white, per bushel		a
" stock, "		a
Pork, North Carolina		a
Potatoes sweet	1 00	a
" Irish	1 40	a
Rags, mixed	1½	a
" cotton	2	
Sugar, white	12½	a
" yellow	10	a
Syrup, S. H.	50	a
Salt, Liverpool fine	1 75	a

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

[From the Charlotte Observer, August 4.]

The market yesterday closed steady.

Good Middling	10¾
Middling	10⅜
Strict Low Middling	10¼
Low Middling	10

Groceries and Provisions.

A LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK OF GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS OF

Best Quality, at Lowest Prices,

AND PROMPTLY DELIVERED.

E. J. HARDIN.

aug3 tf.

1880. 1880.

Summer Trade.

JOSEPH P. GULLEY,

Cor. Fayetteville st. and Exchange Place,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Offers a full line of Dry Goods at new and attractive prices. Also a new stock of Notions, Shoes, Etc.

I will, on Monday, August 2d, reduce the price of my

Celebrated Pearl Shirt

to $1.00 for the unlaundried and $1.25 for the laundried. These are special prices, and are, we claim, the best shirt for the money in the market.

To reduce our spring and summer stock of hand-made French Calf, Prince Albert and Oxford Ties—Men's Shoes—I will sell them at very much reduced prices. Goods warranted.

Clothing Department

up stairs, has many choice goods and good bargains.

Will exhibit on Monday, August 2d, a full line of samples from Devlin & Co., New York, for custom-made clothing, beautiful styles, nobby and good. Will take order to deliver at any date to please the purchaser.

I thank the public for the liberal share of their patronage I have received, and hope for its continuation.

☞ A house and lot for sale on reasonable terms. J. P. GULLEY.

aug1—tf

PRESCRIPTION FREE

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Premature Debility, Nervousness Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Defective Memory, and all Disorders Brought on by Secret Habits and Excesses. Any druggist has the Ingredients. Address,

DR. JAQUES & CO.,
130 West Sixth St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

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SAW MILL

FOR SALE.

One of Hege's No. 2 Saw Mills, with Improved Universal Log Beam and Set Works, for sale. Length of Carriage 25 feet, for 48-inch Saw. Factory price, $350. Will be sold at a bargain. Entirely new.

WILLIAMSON & UPCHURCH,
jy23-tf. Raleigh, N. C.

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

OFFICE GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT, Wilmington, N. C., May 14, 1880.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

On and after May 18, the following schedule will be operated on this Railway:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN.

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	6:00 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	1:27 A M
	" at Charlotte at	7:00 A M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	7:25 P M
	Arrive at Hamlet at	12:32 A M
	" at Wilmington at	8:30 A M

No. 1 train is daily except Sunday, but makes no connection to Raleigh on Saturdays.

No. 2 train is daily except Saturdays.

SHELBY DIVISION: MAIL, FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AND EXPRESS.

No. 3.	Leave Charlotte	8:00 A M
	Arrive at Shelby	12:00 P M
No 4	Leave Shelby	2:00 P M
	Arrive at Charlotte	6:00 P M

LOCAL FREIGHT AND ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Wilmington	6:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:40 P M
Leaves Charlotte	4:15 A M
Arrives at Laurinburg	4:00 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:30 A M
Arrives at Charlotte	4:20 P M
Leaves Laurinburg	5:00 A M
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